

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### HMIS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION

HEALTH: 2 FLAMMIBILITY: 2 REACTIVITY: 0 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: G

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYES:

HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS CAN CAUSE SEVERE IRRITATION TO THE EYES, NOSE OR THROAT.

SKIN:

CAN CAUSE BURNS TO THE SKIN.

INGESTION:

LIQUID CAN CAUSE SEVERE DAMAGE TO MUCOUS MEMBRANES IF SWALLOWED.

INHALATION:

HIGH CONCENTRATIONS OF VAPOR CAN CAUSE IRRITATION TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT, NAUSEA AND

DIZZINESS.

HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC):

PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE ASTHMA AND SKIN SENSITIZATION OR OTHER ALLERGIC RESPONSES.

CAN CAUSE SENTIZATION BY EXPOSURE THROUGH CONTACT OR HIGH CONCENTRATION OF VAPOR. OVER EXPOSURE TO THIS MATERIAL CAN CAUSE CARDIAC ABNORMALITIES, ANEMIA, LIVER ABNORMALITIES, KIDNEY DAMAGE OR EVEN EYE DAMAGE. CAN CAUSE ASTHMA OR OTHER RESPIRATORY DISORDERS, BRONCHITIS, EMPHYSEMA, HYPERACTIVITY, AND EXCEMA. MAY CAUSE CANCER.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS OR OTHER ALLERGIC AILMENTS

CARCINOGENICITY

OSHA: NO NTP: yes IARC: yes

ADDITIONAL CARCINOGENICITY INFORMATION:

Product may contain ethyl benzene as a component of Aromatic Petroleum Distillates (IARC 2B)



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# SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT WEIGHT %	<u>CAS NO.</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	ACGIH TLV	<u>OSHA STEL</u>
Tetrahydroxypropylethylenediamine Aromatic Petroleum Distillates	102-60-3 64742-95-6	NE 100PPM	NE 100PPM	NE NONE
*cumene (as a component of 64742-95-6) (<1%)	98-82-8	50ppm	50ppm	NONE
*1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene as a component of 64742-95-6				
(<21%) *ethyl benzene (as a compon 125ppm (<0.39)	95-63-6 ent of 64742-95-6	25ppm 100-41-4	NONE 100ppm	NONE 100ppm
*Xylene (as a component of CAS# 64742-95-6) (<2%)	1330-20-7	100PPM	100PPM	150PPM
solvent dye <1	N/A	NONE	NONE	NONE

\*TOXIC CHEMICAL(S) SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 313 OF TITLE III AND OF 40 CFR 372.

SECTION 4:	FIRST AID MEASURES	

## EYES:

IMMEDIATELY FLUSH WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES WHILE LIFTING UPPER AND LOWER LIDS, GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE.

SKIN:

FLUSH SKIN WITH WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES AND REMOVE ALL CONTAMINATED CLOTHING IMMEDIATELY. GET

MEDICAL ATTENTION IF REDDENING OR SWELLING OCCURS.



### INGESTION:

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. DILUTE BY GIVING WATER OR MILK TO DRINK IF VICTIM IS CONSCIOUS. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

## INHALATION:

REMOVE TO FRESH AIR IF EFFECTS PERSIST AND ADMINISTER OXYGEN IF NECESSARY.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES	

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR,	UPPER: 7.0

(% by volume) LOWER: 1.1

FLASH POINT: 145F

METHOD USED:

SETA FLASH

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

FOAM, ALCOHOL FOAM, CO2

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

TOXIC FUMES WILL BE EVOLVED WHEN THIS MATERIAL IS INVOLVED IN A FIRE. A SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS SHOULD BE AVAILABLE FOR FIRE FIGHTERS.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

NONE KNOWN

### SECTION 6: RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: AVOID CONTACT WITH MATERIAL. WEAR THE APPROPRIATE SAFETY EQUIPMENT. STOP SPILL AT SOURCE, DYKE AREA TO PREVENT SPREADING. PUMP LIQUID TO SALVAGE TANK. TAKE UP REMAINDER WITH CLAY OR OTHER ABSORBANT AND PLACE IN DISPOSAL CONTAINERS.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE



PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE:

AVOID ALL SKIN CONTACT. AVOID BREATHING VAPORS. RESEAL PARTIALLY USED CONTAINERS. PROPERLY LABEL ALL CONTAINERS. WASH WITH SOAP AND WATER BEFORE EATING, DRINKING, SMOKING, OR USING TOILET FACILITIES. OBSERVE CONDITIONS OF GOOD INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE AND SAFE WORKING PRACTICES.

### **OTHER PRECAUTIONS:**

MIXED MATERIALS CONTAIN THE HAZARDS OF ALL THE COMPONENTS, THEREFORE, READ THE MSDS OF ALL COMPONENTS TO BECOME FAMILIAR WITH ALL HAZARDS PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:**

NIOSH APPROVED RESPIRATOR PROTECTION REQUIRED IN THE ABSENCE OF PROPER ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS. FOR EMERGENCIES A SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS OR A FULL FACE RESPIRATOR IS RECOMMENDED.

VENTILATION:

AVOID BREATHING VAPORS. VENTILATION MUST BE SUFFICIENT TO CONTROL VAPORS.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

IMPERVIOUS GLOVES, NEOPRENE OR RUBBER.

EYE PROTECTION:

SPLASH PROOF GOGGLES OR SAFETY GLASSES WITH SIDE SHIELDS.

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT:

CLEAN BODY COVERING CLOTHING AS WELL AS APRON FOOTWEAR OR OTHER EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE USED AS DEEMED NECESSARY TO AVOID CONTACT WITH THE MATERIAL.

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES:

**OBSERVE GENERAL GOOD HYGIENIC PRACTICES.** 

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: DARK TRANSPARENT BLUE COLOR LIQUID WITH AROMATIC SOLVENT ODOR



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BOILING POINT OR RANGE: N/A VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1): Not available SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O = 1): 0.93 EVAPORATION RATE: N/A SOLUBILITY IN WATER: NEGLIGIBLE

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

STABLE

CONDITIONS TO AVOID (STABILITY):

AVOID CONTACT WITH OPEN FLAMES AND ALL SOURCES OF IGNITIONS AND SPARKS.

**INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIAL TO AVOID):** 

AVOID CONTACT WITH STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS OR MATERIALS

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BY-PRODUCTS:

CO, CO2, NOX, AMINES AND OTHER ALIPHATIC FRAGMENTS WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN DETERMINED.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

WILL NOT OCCUR

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Component CAS# 64742-95-6** Test on similar materials show a low order of acute oral and dermal toxicity. May cause eye irritation, may cause irritation on skin and mucous membranes.

**Component Ethyl Benzene ( a minor component of CAS# 64742-96-6):** Acute Oral toxicity LD50: ca. 3500 mg/kg (rat); Acute inhalation LC50: 17.2 mg/l 4h (rat); Acute Dermal Toxicity: 17,800 mg/kg (rabbit); Skin Irritation rabbit Draize exposure time 24h – slightly irritating. Eye Irritation rabbit Draize – severely irritating. Sensitization dermal (human patch test) non-sensitizer.Repeated Dose toxicity 28 days inhalation NOAEL: 3.4 mg/l (rabbit). Mutagenicity Genetic Toxicity in Vitro: Ames: Negative (salmonella typhimurium, metabolic activation with/without). Carcinogenecity: Ethyl benzene was tested by inhalation exposure in mice and rats. Ibn mice, there was an increased incidence of lung adenomas in males and liver adenomas in females. In male rats, there was an increased incidence of renal tubule adenomas and carcinomas. Two Studies of workers potentially exposed to ethyl benzene in a production plant and a styrene polymerization plant, showed no excess cancer incidence and no excess cancer mortalitry during a



15 year follow-up. Toxicity to Reproduction/Fertility: Inhalation (monkey, male) Reproductive effects have been observed in animal studies, In a generation study, inhalation (rat/female) NOAEL (parental): 100ppm NOAEL (F2): 100ppm. Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity rat, female, inhalation, gestation, daily, NOAEL (teratogenicity): 100ppm (maternal): 100ppm. Tratogenetic effects seen only with maternal toxicity. Fetotoxicity seen only with maternal toxicity. Rabbit, female, inhalation, gestation, daily, NOAEL (teratogenicity): 100ppm (maternal): 100ppm. Tratogenetic effects seen only with maternal toxicity. Fetotoxicity seen only with maternal toxicity. Rabbit, female, inhalation, gestation, daily, NOAEL (teratogenicity) < 1000 mg/m3, NOAEL (maternal) < 1000 mg/m3.

**Component Xylene (a minor component of CAS# 64742-95-6)**: Inhalation LC50 26800ppm, Skin LD50 2000 mg/kg, Ingestion LD50 4.3 g/kg. Exposure may effect skin, eye, liver, kidney, nervous system, respiratory system and lungs. High concentrations may lead to nervous system effects. Repeated overexposure has produced toxic effects in developing and young laboratory animals. Aspiration into lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

**Component Cumene( a minor componebt of CAS# 64742-95-6):** IARC has classified Cumene as possibly Carcinogenic to humans (group 2B).

Component CAS# 95-63-6: Oral LD50 (rat) = 5000 mg/kg. Inhalation LC50 (rat) -4h = 18000 mg/m3.

**Component Tetrahydroxypropylethylenediamine CAS# 102-60-3:** Oral LD50 3280 mg/kg (rat). Skin Irritation – non irritant (rabbit). Eye Irritation – non-irritant (rabbit). Sensitization – Non-sensitizing (guinea pig, maximization test). Genetic Toxicity – The component was not mutagenic in bacteria.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component CAS# 64742-95-6 Toxic to aquatic organisms.

**Component Ethyl Benzene (a minor component of CAS# 64742-95-6):** Biodegradation, Aerobic, 50%, Exposure time 28 days. Biochemical Oxygen demand (BOD) 5 days, 2.8% and 35 days, 1780 mg/g. Bioaccumulation: Cyprinus carpio (Carp), 15 BCF. Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish LC50: 12.1 mg/l (fathead minnow, 96 h). Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates EC50: 1.8-2.9 mg/l (water flea, 48 h). Toxicity to Aquatic Plants EC50: 4.6 mg/l (green algae, 72 h). Toxicity to microorganisms EC50: 130 mg/l (activated sludge microorganisms, 48 hr).

**Component Xylene (a minor component of CAS# 64742-95-6):** Acute Toxicity: Fish: Toxic 1 < LCECIC50 < 10mg/l, Aquatic Invertabrates: Toxic 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <10mg/l, Algae: Toxic 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <10 mg/l. Mobility – floats on water. If it enters the soil it will be highly mobile and may contaminate groundwater. Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

Component Cumene (a minor component of CAS# 64742-95-6): LC50 (fish) 1-10 mg/l.

**Component CAS# 95-63-6:** Toxicity to fish LC50 (fathead minnow) 7.72 mg/l 96 hr. Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: Immobilization EC50 (water flea) 3.6mg/l 48hr.

**Component Tetrahydroxypropylethylenediamine CAS# 102-60-3**: Test Method OECD 301 A (aerobic) activated sludge : DOC Reduction 40-50%, 42 days. Toxicity to microorganisms : OECD Guideline 209 aerobic, activated sludge : 1000 mg/l (30 min), The inhibition of the degradation activity of activated sludge is not anticipated when introduced to bilogical treatment plants in appropriate low concentrations.

### SECTION 13: WASTE DISPOSAL



WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

DISPOSE OF MATERIAL AS A HAZARDOUS WASTE ACCORDING TO FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

**SECTION 14: Transport Information** 

DOT: UN1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID N.O.S.. (CONTAINS AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES), 3, PGIII

IMO/IMDG: UN1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID N.O.S.. (CONTAINS AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES), 3, PGIII

# SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Component CAS# 64742-95-6** This product is a hazardous chemical . This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372 Component 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene CAS# 95-63-6 at < 42% and xylene CAS# 1330-20-7 at < 3.0%, Cumene CAS# 98-82-8 at < 2%, and Ethylbenzene CAS# 100-41-4 at < 0.40%.. This component contains chemicals on the California Proposition 65 list that may cause cancer or reproductive harm. Component is on the TSCA list as well as the AICS, DSL, ECL, EINECS, ENCS, IECSC and PICCS lists

**Component Ethyl Benzene (a minor component of CAS# 64742-95-6):** US EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302): Ethyl Benzene reportable quantity 1000 lbs. US EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372.5) components, Ethyl Benzene. California Prop 65: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to be carcinogenic: Ethyl Benzene CAS# 100-41-4 @ 0.39% Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania Right to Know list includes the following components: Ethyl Benzene CAS# 100-41-4. Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania Special hazardous Substance includes the following components: Ethyl Benzene CAS# 100-41-4.

**Component Xylene (a minor component of CAS# 64742-95-6)**: Xylene contains EPCRA section 313 chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of the emergency planning and community right to know act of 1968. Xylene and its components are on the California Proposition 65 list for developmental toxicity, Reproductive toxicity and carcinogen list. Ingredients are on the TSCA list, DSL Canada, AICS, China, EINECS, ENCS, Korea, New Zealand, Phillipines inventory lists and on the Massachusetts, New Jersey, Pennsylvania right to know lists

**Component Cumene (a minor componebt of CAS# 64742-95-6):** is a SARA 313 chemical. This component is a CERCLA chemical. This component is a California Proposition 65 Chemical which is known to cause cancer or other birth defects or reproductive harm. This component is on the New Jersey right to know list. Component is on the TSCA list and Canada DSL list.

**Component CAS# 95-63-6:** This component is subject to SARA Title III Section 313 reporting. This component is in the TSCA and Canada DSL Lists. This component is on the Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, New Jersey right to know lists.



**Component Tetrahydroxypropylethylenediamine CAS# 102-60-3:** Component is on the TSCA and canada DSL lists. This component may contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

DISCLAIMER: THE INFORMATION HERE IN IS BASED ON THE DATA AVAILABLE AND IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE, HOWEVER, THE MANUFACTURER MAKES NO WARRANTY EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OF THIS DATA OR THE RESULTS OBTAINED FROM THE USE THEREOF. ACCORDINGLY, WE ASSUME NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR INJURY FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT.



# SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: NP343 PART A

PRODUCT CODES: 343 A

MANUFACTURER: National Polymers Inc.

**STREET ADDRESS: 9 Guttman Avenue** 

CITY, STATE, ZIP: Charleroi, Pa. 15022

INFORMATION PHONE: 724-483-9300

EMERGENCY PHONE: Chemtrec 800-424-9300

FAX PHONE: 724-483-9306

PREPARED BY: Harry Jackson

DATE REVISED: 1/2/13

**SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION** 

HMIS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION

HEALTH: 2 FLAMMIBILITY: 2 REACTIVITY: 1 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: G

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYES:

WILL CAUSE BURNS TO THE EYES. HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS CAN CAUSE SEVERE IRRITATION TO THE EYES. SKIN:

WILL CAUSE BURNS TO THE SKIN



INGESTION:

LIQUID CAN CAUSE SEVERE DAMAGE TO MUCOUS MEMBRANES IF SWALLOWED.

INHALATION:

HIGH CONCENTRATIONS OF VAPOR CAN CAUSE IRRITATION TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT, NAUSEA AND DIZZINESS.

HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC):

PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE ASTHMA AND SKIN SENSITIZATION OR OTHER ALLERGIC RESPONSES.

CAN CAUSE SENTIZATION BY EXPOSURE THROUGH CONTACT OR HIGH CONCENTRATION OF VAPOR. OVER EXPOSURE TO THIS MATERIAL CAN CAUSE CARDIAC ABNORMALITIES, ANEMIA, LIVER ABNORMALITIES, KIDNEY DAMAGE OR EVEN EYE DAMAGE. CAN CAUSE ASTHMA OR OTHER RESPIRATORY DISORDERS, BRONCHITIS, EMPHYSEMA, HYPERACTIVITY, AND EXCEMA.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS OR OTHER ALLERGIC AILMENTS

CARCINOGENICITY

OSHA: NO NTP: yes IARC: yes

ADDITIONAL CARCINOGENICITY INFORMATION:

Product may contain ethyl benzene as a component of Aromatic Petroleum Distillates (IARC 2B)

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT WEIGHT %	<u>CAS NO.</u>	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>ACGIH TLV</u>	<u>OSHA STEL</u>
HIGHER OLIGOMERS OF MDI	9016-87-9	NONE	NONE	NONE
*4, 4-DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE 30	101-68-8	NONE	.005PPM	0.02ppm
Aromatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-95-6	100PPM	100PPM	NONE
*cumene (as a component of 64742-95-6) (<1%)	98-82-8	50ppm	50ppm	NONE

\*1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene as a component of 64742-95-6



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95-63-6 (<21%) *ethyl benzene (as a component of 64742-95-6	25ppm 100-41-4	NONE 100ppm	NONE 100ppm
125ppm (<0.39)			
*Xylene (as a component of CAS# 64742-95-6) 1330-20-7 (<2%)	100PPM	100PPM	150PPM

\*INDICATES TOXIC CHEMICAL(S) SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 313 OF TITLE III AND OF 40 CFR 372.

# SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

#### EYES:

IMMEDIATELY FLUSH WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES WHILE LIFTING UPPER AND LOWER LIDS. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE.

SKIN:

FLUSH SKIN WITH WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES AND REMOVE ALL CONTAMINATED CLOTHING IMMEDIATELY. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IF REDDENING OR SWELLING OCCURS.

INGESTION:

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. DILUTE BY GIVING WATER OR MILK TO DRINK IF VICTIM IS CONSCIOUS. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

INHALATION:

REMOVE TO FRESH AIR IF EFFECTS PERSIST AND ADMINISTER OXYGEN IF NECESSARY.

# SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

(% by volume) LOWER: 0.4

FLASH POINT: 199F

METHOD USED:

SETA FLASH



**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** 

FOAM, ALCOHOL FOAM, CO2

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

TOXIC FUMES WILL BE EVOLVED WHEN THIS MATERIAL IS INVOLVED IN A FIRE. A SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS SHOULD BE AVAILABLE FOR FIRE FIGHTERS.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

NONE KNOWN

SECTION 6: RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

AVOID CONTACT WITH MATERIAL. WEAR THE APPROPRIATE SAFETY EQUIPMENT. STOP SPILL AT SOURCE, DYKE AREA TO PREVENT SPREADING. PUMP LIQUID TO SALVAGE TANK. TAKE UP REMAINDER WITH CLAY OR OTHER ABSORBANT AND PLACE IN DISPOSAL CONTAINERS.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE:

AVOID ALL SKIN CONTACT. AVOID BREATHING VAPORS. RESEAL PARTIALLY USED CONTAINERS. PROPERLY LABEL ALL CONTAINERS. WASH WITH SOAP AND WATER BEFORE EATING, DRINKING, SMOKING, OR USING TOILET FACILITIES. OBSERVE CONDITIONS OF GOOD INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE AND SAFE WORKING PRACTICES.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS:

MIXED MATERIALS CONTAIN THE HAZARDS OF ALL THE COMPONENTS, THEREFORE, READ THE MSDS OF ALL COMPONENTS TO BECOME FAMILIAR WITH ALL HAZARDS PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** 

NIOSH APPROVED RESPIRATOR PROTECTION REQUIRED IN THE ABSENCE OF PROPER ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS, FOR EMERGENCIES A SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS OR A FULL FACE RESPIRATOR IS RECOMMENDED.



VENTILATION:

AVOID BREATHING VAPORS. VENTILATION MUST BE SUFFICIENT TO CONTROL VAPORS.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

IMPERVIOUS GLOVES, NEOPRENE OF RUBBER.

EYE PROTECTION:

SPLASH PROOF GOGGLES OR SAFETY GLASSES WITH SIDE SHIELDS.

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT:

CLEAN BODY COVERING CLOTHING AS WELL AS APRON FOOTWEAR OR OTHER EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE USED AS DEEMED NECESSARY TO AVOID CONTACT WITH THE MATERIAL.

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES:

**OBSERVE GENERAL GOOD HYGIENIC PRACTICES.** 

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: DARK AMBER LIQUID WITH AROMATIC SOLVENT ODOR

BOILING POINT OR RANGE: N/A

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1): Not available

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O = 1): 1.1

EVAPORATION RATE: N/A

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: NEGLIGIBLE

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

STABLE

CONDITIONS TO AVOID (STABILITY):

AVOID CONTACT WITH OPEN FLAMES AND ALL SOURCES OF IGNITIONS AND SPARKS.



INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIAL TO AVOID):

AVOID CONTACT WITH STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS, MINERAL ACIDS AND EPOXY RESINS IN UNCONTROLLED AMOUNTS.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BY-PRODUCTS:

CO, CO2, NOX

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

WILL NOT OCCUR

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Component CAS# 64742-95-6** Test on similar materials show a low order of acute oral and dermal toxicity. May cause eye irritation, may cause irritation on skin and mucous membranes.

**Component Ethyl Benzene ( a minor component of CAS# 64742-96-6):** Acute Oral toxicity LD50: ca. 3500 mg/kg (rat); Acute inhalation LC50: 17.2 mg/l 4h (rat); Acute Dermal Toxicity: 17,800 mg/kg (rabbit); Skin Irritation rabbit Draize exposure time 24h – slightly irritating. Eye Irritation rabbit Draize – severely irritating. Sensitization dermal (human patch test) non-sensitizer.Repeated Dose toxicity 28 days inhalation NOAEL: 3.4 mg/l (rabbit). Mutagenicity Genetic Toxicity in Vitro: Ames: Negative (salmonella typhimurium, metabolic activation with/without). Carcinogenecity: Ethyl benzene was tested by inhalation exposure in mice and rats. Ibn mice, there was an increased incidence of lung adenomas in males and liver adenomas in females. In male rats, there was an increased incidence of renal tubule adenomas and carcinomas. Two Studies of workers potentially exposed to ethyl benzene in a production plant and a styrene polymerization plant, showed no excess cancer incidence and no excess cancer mortalitry during a 15 year follow-up. Toxicity to Reproduction/Fertility: Inhalation (monkey, male) Reproductive effects have been observed in animal studies, In a generation study, inhalation, gestation, daily, NOAEL (teratogenicity): 100ppm. (maternal): 100ppm. Tratogenetic effects seen only with maternal toxicity. Fetotoxicity seen only with maternal toxicity. Rabbit, female, inhalation, gestation, daily, NOAEL (teratogenicity): Rabbit, female, inhalation, gestation, daily, NOAEL (teratogenicity) and maler.

**Component Xylene (a minor component of CAS# 64742-95-6)**: Inhalation LC50 26800ppm, Skin LD50 2000 mg/kg, Ingestion LD50 4.3 g/kg. Exposure may effect skin, eye, liver, kidney, nervous system, respiratory system and lungs. High concentrations may lead to nervous system effects. Repeated overexposure has produced toxic effects in developing and young laboratory animals. Aspiration into lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Component Cumene( a minor componebt of CAS# 64742-95-6): IARC has classified Cumene as possibly Carcinogenic to humans (group 2B).

Component CAS# 95-63-6: Oral LD50 (rat) = 5000 mg/kg. Inhalation LC50 (rat) -4h = 18000 mg/m3.

**Component HIGHER OLIGOMERS OF MDI CAS#** 9016-87-9 and \*4, 4-DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE CAS# 101-68-8: (data based on a similar product) The oral LD50 for rats is greater than 10,000 mg/kg. Skin: The LD50 for skin absorption in rabbits is greater than 9,400 mg/kg. Mutagenicity: Mutagenicity data on the MDI are inconclusive. MDI was weakly positive in some in vitro (test tube) studies; other in vitro studies were negative. A mutagenicity study in animals was negative. Ingestion: Ingestion of this product causes vomiting, nausea and abdominal pain. Single dose oral toxicity is



considered to be extremely low. No hazards anticipated from swallowing small amounts incidental to normal handling operations. The oral LD50 for rats is >10,000 mg/kg. Eye: May cause slight eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely. Skin:

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin irritation. May stain the skin. Skin contact may result in allergic skin reactions or respiratory sensitisation but is not expected to result in absorption of amounts sufficient to cause other adverse effects. The LD50 for skin absorption in rabbits is >9400 mg/kg. CANCER INFORMATION: Lung tumours have been observed in laboratory animals exposed to aerosol droplets of MDI/Polymeric MDI (6mg/m3) for their lifetime. Tumours occurred concurrently with respiratory irritation and lung injury. Current exposure standards are expected to protect against these effects.SYSTEMIC (OTHER TARGET ORGAN) EFFECTS: Tissue injury in the upper respiratory tract and lungs has been observed in laboratory animals after repeated excessive exposures to MDI/Polymeric MDI aerosols. TERATOLOGY (BIRTH DEFECTS): In laboratory animals, Polymeric MDI did not produce birth defects, other foetal effects occurred only at high doses, which were toxic to the mother.

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component CAS# 64742-95-6 Toxic to aquatic organisms.

**Component Ethyl Benzene (a minor component of CAS# 64742-95-6):** Biodegradation, Aerobic, 50%, Exposure time 28 days. Biochemical Oxygen demand (BOD) 5 days, 2.8% and 35 days, 1780 mg/g. Bioaccumulation: Cyprinus carpio (Carp), 15 BCF. Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish LC50: 12.1 mg/l (fathead minnow, 96 h). Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates EC50: 1.8-2.9 mg/l (water flea, 48 h). Toxicity to Aquatic Plants EC50: 4.6 mg/l (green algae, 72 h). Toxicity to microorganisms EC50: 130 mg/l (activated sludge microorganisms, 48 hr).

**Component Xylene (a minor component of CAS# 64742-95-6):** Acute Toxicity: Fish: Toxic 1 < LCECIC50 < 10mg/l, Aquatic Invertabrates: Toxic 1 < LC/EC/IC50 < 10mg/l, Algae: Toxic 1 < LC/EC/IC50 < 10 mg/l. Mobility – floats on water. If it enters the soil it will be highly mobile and may contaminate groundwater. Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

Component Cumene (a minor component of CAS# 64742-95-6): LC50 (fish) 1-10 mg/l.

**Component CAS# 95-63-6:** Toxicity to fish LC50 (fathead minnow) 7.72 mg/l 96 hr. Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: Immobilization EC50 (water flea) 3.6mg/l 48hr.

### Component HIGHER OLIGOMERS OF MDI CAS# 9016-87-9 and \*4, 4-DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE CAS# 101-68-8:

(data based on a similar product) Movement in the environment is expected to be limited by the formation of insoluble polymers. Biodegradation is not applicable (for the isocyanate itself). Material is expected to be biodegrade only very slowly. Fails to pass OECD modified MITI test; hydrolysis products degrade slowly. Degradation is expected in the atmospheric environment. Ecotoxicity: Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LD50 greater than 100 mg/l in

most sensitive species).

### SECTION 13: WASTE DISPOSAL

#### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

DISPOSE OF MATERIAL AS A HAZARDOUS WASTE ACCORDING TO FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.



### **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

### DOT: UN1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID N.O.S.. (CONTAINS AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES), 3, PGIII

IMO/IMDG: UN1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID N.O.S..(CONTAINS AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES), 3, PGIII

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Component CAS# 64742-95-6** This product is a hazardous chemical . This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372 Component 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene CAS# 95-63-6 at < 42% and xylene CAS# 1330-20-7 at < 3.0%, Cumene CAS# 98-82-8 at < 2%, and Ethylbenzene CAS# 100-41-4 at < 0.40%.. This component contains chemicals on the California Proposition 65 list that may cause cancer or reproductive harm. Component is on the TSCA list as well as the AICS, DSL, ECL, EINECS, ENCS, IECSC and PICCS lists

**Component Ethyl Benzene (a minor component of CAS# 64742-95-6):** US EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302): Ethyl Benzene reportable quantity 1000 lbs. US EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372.5) components, Ethyl Benzene. California Prop 65: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to be carcinogenic: Ethyl Benzene CAS# 100-41-4 @ 0.39% Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania Right to Know list includes the following components: Ethyl Benzene CAS# 100-41-4. Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania Special hazardous Substance includes the following components: Ethyl Benzene CAS# 100-41-4.

**Component Xylene (a minor component of CAS# 64742-95-6)**: Xylene contains EPCRA section 313 chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of the emergency planning and community right to know act of 1968. Xylene and its components are on the California Proposition 65 list for developmental toxicity, Reproductive toxicity and carcinogen list. Ingredients are on the TSCA list, DSL Canada, AICS, China, EINECS, ENCS, Korea, New Zealand, Phillipines inventory lists and on the Massachusetts, New Jersey, Pennsylvania right to know lists

**Component Cumene (a minor componebt of CAS# 64742-95-6):** is a SARA 313 chemical. This component is a CERCLA chemical. This component is a California Proposition 65 Chemical which is known to cause cancer or other birth defects or reproductive harm. This component is on the New Jersey right to know list. Component is on the TSCA list and Canada DSL list.

**Component CAS# 95-63-6:** This component is subject to SARA Title III Section 313 reporting. This component is in the TSCA and Canada DSL Lists. This component is on the Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, New Jersey right to know lists.

**Component HIGHER OLIGOMERS OF MDI CAS# 9016-87-9 and \*4, 4-DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE CAS# 101-68-8:** HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES CLASSIFICATION: Harmful. Irritant. Sensitiser. RISK PHRASES: R20. Harmful by inhalation. R36/37/38. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R42. May cause sensitisation by inhalation. Components are on the TSCA and Canada DSL lists.



SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

DISCLAIMER: THE INFORMATION HERE IN IS BASED ON THE DATA AVAILABLE AND IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE, HOWEVER, THE MANUFACTURER MAKES NO WARRANTY EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OF THIS DATA OR THE RESULTS OBTAINED FROM THE USE THEREOF. ACCORDINGLY, WE ASSUME NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR INJURY FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT.